

DO NOT BREAK THE SEAL OF THE BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO

SERIES : I

QUESTION BOOKLET

Subjects : General English, General Knowledge (Current Affairs) & Aptitude and Library Science

Full Marks : 200

Time Allowed : 2½ Hours

Read the following instructions carefully before you begin to answer the questions.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. This Booklet contains **100 questions** to be answered in a separate OMR Answer Sheet using Black Ballpoint Pen in the following three Parts :

Part—A : General English	:	25 questions
Part—B : General Knowledge (Current Affairs) & Aptitude	:	25 questions
Part—C : Library Science	:	50 questions

2. All questions are compulsory.
3. You will be supplied the Answer Sheet separately by the Invigilator. You must complete the details of particulars asked for.
4. Answer must be shown by completely blackening the corresponding circle in the Answer Sheet against the relevant question number by Black Ballpoint Pen. OMR Answer Sheet without marking Series shall not be evaluated.

Example :

Suppose the following question is asked :

The Capital of Meghalaya is

- (A) Guwahati
(B) Kohima
(C) Shillong
(D) Delhi

You will have four alternatives in the Answer Sheet for your response corresponding to each question of the Question Booklet as below :

(A) (B) (C) (D)

In the above illustration, if your chosen response is alternative (C), i.e., Shillong, then the same should be marked on the Answer Sheet by blackening the relevant circle with a Black Ballpoint Pen only as below :

(A) (B) (C) (D)

The example shown above is the only correct method of answering.

5. Answer the questions as quickly and as carefully as you can. Some questions may be difficult and others easy. Do not spend too much time on any one question.
6. There will NOT be any negative marking for wrong answers.
7. The Answer Sheet must be handed over to the Invigilator before you leave the Examination Hall.
8. No Rough Work is to be done on the Answer Sheet. Space for Rough Work has been provided in the Question Booklet.

PART—A : GENERAL ENGLISH

(Marks : 50)

Each question carries 2 marks

Directions (Q. Nos. 1-10) :

Choose the most appropriate word which is closest in meaning to the Capitalised word, considering the given context.

1. ABANDON

(Use : The army abandoned the area after the war was over)

- (A) deserted
- (B) evacuated
- (C) abdicated
- (D) forwent

2. ACCELERATE

(Use : Unless we accelerate we will not reach the airport in time)

- (A) rush
- (B) speed up
- (C) quicken
- (D) hurry up

3. BATTER

(Use : The crowd battered the child lifter black and blue)

- (A) struck hard repeatedly
- (B) hurt
- (C) smashed
- (D) bashed

4. CAMOUFLAGE

(Use : The chameleon had camouflaged itself so effectively that the cat didn't even notice it)

- (A) covered
- (B) disguised
- (C) deceived
- (D) fooled

5. BRUTAL

(Use : He was sentenced to life imprisonment for his brutal murder of a five-year-old)

- (A) beastly
- (B) animal
- (C) cruel
- (D) serious

6. CHORE

(Use : I'll watch a movie only after I've done my chores)

- (A) routine duties
- (B) odd jobs
- (C) unpleasant tasks
- (D) unpleasant duties

7. DEBACLE

(Use : The collapse of the company is described as the biggest financial debacle for its investors)

- (A) catastrophe
- (B) disaster
- (C) havoc
- (D) tragedy

8. ECSTASY

(Use : She was ecstatic when she passed well in her examination)

- (A) content
- (B) satisfied
- (C) extreme happiness
- (D) pleasure

9. DISCREPANCY

(Use : There is some discrepancy between the two accounts)

- (A) variation
- (B) difference
- (C) conflict
- (D) unusual

10. FLAIR

(Use : She has a flair for languages)

- (A) inclination
- (B) natural ability
- (C) natural interest
- (D) style

Directions (Q. Nos. 11-20) :

Select the word which serves as a substitute to the given phrase/group of words.

11. Inscription on the grave

- (A) obituary
- (B) epigram
- (C) epitaph
- (D) oration

12. One who walks in sleep

- (A) somnambulist
- (B) insomnist
- (C) somnolent
- (D) insomniac

13. One who does not believe in God

- (A) unreligious
- (B) atheist
- (C) pagan
- (D) theist

14. Passing off someone else's writing as one's own

- (A) copying
- (B) piracy
- (C) plagiarism
- (D) adaptation

15. One who assails traditional beliefs

- (A) atheist
- (B) iconoclast
- (C) critic
- (D) pessimist

16. The body that is responsible for dispensing justice

- (A) judge
- (B) advocate
- (C) bench
- (D) judiciary

17. One who leaves the country permanently

- (A) immigrant
- (B) emigrant
- (C) tourist
- (D) traveller

18. Something short-lived

- (A) ephemeral
- (B) interim
- (C) temporary
- (D) illusory

19. One who rejects the marriage institution

- (A) misanthrope
- (B) misogynist
- (C) misogamist
- (D) polygamist

20. Done quickly

- (A) instant
- (B) ultimo
- (C) praxis
- (D) sudden

Directions (Q. Nos. 21-25) :

Pick the most appropriate synonym from the given choices.

21. Summit

- (A) slope
- (B) base
- (C) peak
- (D) steep

22. Infirm

- (A) patient
- (B) feeble
- (C) failure
- (D) insecure

23. Mitigate

- (A) forgive
- (B) appease
- (C) lessen
- (D) negotiate

24. Rectify

- (A) disfigure
- (B) destroy
- (C) build
- (D) correct

25. Pageant

- (A) carnival
- (B) show
- (C) function
- (D) competition

PART—B : GENERAL KNOWLEDGE (CURRENT AFFAIRS) & APTITUDE

(Marks : 50)

Each question carries **2** marks

- 26.** When was Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan started?
- (A) 2000
(B) 2001
(C) 2002
(D) 2009
- 27.** Which device converts chemical energy into electrical energy?
- (A) Generator
(B) Transformer
(C) Motor
(D) Battery
- 28.** The World Environment Day is observed on
- (A) 5th January
(B) 5th March
(C) 5th June
(D) 5th September
- 29.** The Nalanda University was established during which dynasty?
- (A) Maurya
(B) Gupta
(C) Pala
(D) Chola
- 30.** The temporary release of a prisoner is called
- (A) parole
(B) amnesty
(C) discharge
(D) pardon
- 31.** Which country has become the world's first nation to receive COVAX vaccines?
- (A) Mali
(B) Togo
(C) Senegal
(D) Ghana
- 32.** 'The Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana' aims to
- (A) provide free electricity in rural areas
(B) promote renewable energy
(C) provide affordable housing to all
(D) ensure fixed pension to unorganized sector workers
- 33.** The Battle of Plassey (1757) was fought between
- (A) British and Marathas
(B) British and Tipu Sultan
(C) Mughals and Marathas
(D) British and the Nawab of Bengal

34. Which Article provides for the reservation of seats for SCs and STs in the Lok Sabha?

- (A) Article 330
- (B) Article 338
- (C) Article 332
- (D) Article 335

35. Name the place known as the 'Roof of the World'.

- (A) Tibet
- (B) Kashmir
- (C) Switzerland
- (D) Japan

36. Nokrek Biosphere Reserve is located in which State of India?

- (A) Manipur
- (B) Assam
- (C) Meghalaya
- (D) Nagaland

37. Which Indian airport recently became the world's first fully solar-powered airport?

- (A) Delhi Airport
- (B) Mumbai Airport
- (C) Cochin International Airport
- (D) Bengaluru Airport

38. Which country from the following is **not** a member of the G20 Summit?

- (A) India
- (B) Brazil
- (C) China
- (D) Switzerland

39. Which Indian State was recognized by *Wall Street Journal* as a 'Go-To Global Destination for 2025'?

- (A) Haryana
- (B) Bihar
- (C) Rajasthan
- (D) Madhya Pradesh

40. In which Indian State is the 'Siliguri Corridor' located?

- (A) Sikkim
- (B) Arunachal Pradesh
- (C) Assam
- (D) West Bengal

41. Complete the series :

ACE, GJI, MQM, ?

- (A) SXQ
- (B) RWQ
- (C) SUQ
- (D) RXP

42. Complete the series :

6, 11, 21, 36, 56, ?

- (A) 72
- (B) 81
- (C) 91
- (D) 101

43. Compass : Navigation :: Altimeter : ?

- (A) Speed
- (B) Height
- (C) Distance
- (D) Pressure

44. Pick the odd one out.

- (A) Wing
- (B) Fin
- (C) Beak
- (D) Rudder

45. Cup : Lip :: Bird : ?

- (A) Grass
- (B) Bush
- (C) Beak
- (D) Forest

46. Embargo : Trade :: Curfew : ?

- (A) Tax
- (B) Movement
- (C) Import
- (D) Law

47. A man is facing North-West. He turns 90° clockwise, then 135° anticlockwise. Which direction is he facing now?

- (A) North
- (B) East
- (C) South
- (D) West

48. The ratio of Ram's age to Shyam's age is 4 : 5. If Ram is 24, Shyam is

- (A) 20
- (B) 25
- (C) 30
- (D) 32

49. If 30% of a number is 48, the number is

- (A) 120
- (B) 140
- (C) 150
- (D) 160

50. The average of 20, 30 and x is 40. What is the value of x ?

- (A) 60
- (B) 70
- (C) 80
- (D) 90

PART—C : LIBRARY SCIENCE

(Marks : 100)

Each question carries 2 marks

51. Who coined the term 'Information Science'?
- (A) S. R. Ranganathan
(B) Ralph R. Shaw
(C) Paul Otlet
(D) Calvin N. Mooers
52. The word 'Classis' (root-word for the word classification) is derived from which language?
- (A) Latin
(B) French
(C) Greek
(D) German
53. In Library Classification, 'Colon Classification' was developed by
- (A) C. A. Cutter
(B) Melvil Dewey
(C) S. R. Ranganathan
(D) H. E. Bliss
54. Which law in Library Science relates to the growth of libraries?
- (A) First law
(B) Second law
(C) Fourth law
(D) Fifth law
55. The first edition of Dewey Decimal Classification scheme consisted of
- (A) 38 pages
(B) 44 pages
(C) 58 pages
(D) 62 pages
56. Who defined 'notation' as shorthand sign?
- (A) James Duff Brown
(B) E. C. Richardson
(C) Henry E. Bliss
(D) Jesse Shera
57. Who is known as the 'Father of Library Science' in India?
- (A) Melvil Dewey
(B) H. E. Bliss
(C) Paul Otlet
(D) S. R. Ranganathan
58. In Colon Classification, which is the 'Personality' facet?
- (A) Main class
(B) First facet
(C) Last facet
(D) Auxiliary class

59. How many auxiliary tables are there in DDC 23rd edition?
- (A) 7
 - (B) 6
 - (C) 5
 - (D) 8
60. Which library first introduced the printed catalogue?
- (A) British Museum Library
 - (B) Library of Alexandria
 - (C) National Library of India
 - (D) Library of Congress
61. Who started the first systematic training for librarians in British India?
- (A) W. A. Borden
 - (B) K. M. Asadullah
 - (C) Asa Don Dickinson
 - (D) Melvil Dewey
62. Calculating machine was developed by
- (A) Blaise Pascal
 - (B) Charles Babbage
 - (C) Bashir Rameev
 - (D) Steve Jobs
63. Who categorized documents into three types—primary, secondary and tertiary?
- (A) Denis Grogan
 - (B) Melvil Dewey
 - (C) Margaret Mann
 - (D) B. C. Vickery
64. Which of the following is an important record of books which shows the position of any book on the shelves?
- (A) Accession list
 - (B) Index list
 - (C) Shelf list
 - (D) Reference list
65. Which of the following is **not** a secondary source?
- (A) Encyclopedia
 - (B) Digest
 - (C) Thesis
 - (D) Textbook
66. Which Commission recommended 6.5% to 10% of the total college budget for the development of libraries?
- (A) Kothari Commission
 - (B) Radhakrishnan Commission
 - (C) Secondary Education Commission
 - (D) National Education Policy (NEP 2020)
67. 'Facts on File', a digest of world events, is a/an
- (A) monthly list
 - (B) weekly list
 - (C) daily list
 - (D) annual List

68. Which organization applied Library and Information Policy in India at National level?
- (A) ICSSR
 - (B) INFLIBNET
 - (C) RRRLF
 - (D) DELNET
69. The concept of Artificial Intelligence (AI) belongs to
- (A) third-generation computers
 - (B) fourth-generation computers
 - (C) fifth-generation computers
 - (D) sixth-generation computers
70. The process of withdrawing outdated, unused and damaged books from the library is known as
- (A) acquisition
 - (B) binding
 - (C) stock verification
 - (D) weeding
71. Library service provided to inform users about newly acquired documents is
- (A) selective dissemination of information
 - (B) current awareness service
 - (C) interlibrary loan
 - (D) abstracting service
72. 'Fair use' is a term most relevant to
- (A) plagiarism
 - (B) copyright
 - (C) patent
 - (D) copyleft
73. In which year was the State Central Library handed over by the Assam government to the Meghalaya government?
- (A) 1970
 - (B) 1971
 - (C) 1973
 - (D) 1974
74. Who is called as the Father of Cataloguing?
- (A) Henry A. Sharp
 - (B) Margaret Mann
 - (C) Charles Ammi Cutter
 - (D) Krishan Kumar
75. The ISSN is a unique identifier for
- (A) a cataloguing standard
 - (B) a specific edition of a document
 - (C) a journal or serial publication
 - (D) a barcode

- 76.** A 'call number' also refers to
- (A) class number
 - (B) book number
 - (C) accession number
 - (D) both class number and book number
- 77.** The term 'collation' in cataloguing means
- (A) page number
 - (B) illustration
 - (C) size
 - (D) All of the above
- 78.** In cataloguing, the term 'imprint' means
- (A) publisher's name
 - (B) place of publication
 - (C) year of publication
 - (D) All of the above
- 79.** The term 'Library Committee' refers to
- (A) users who paid lifetime membership fees
 - (B) library professional staff
 - (C) an advisory body of library staff and selected members for policy decisions
 - (D) members of the governing body of the institution
- 80.** Which law of Library Science states 'Every Book its Reader'?
- (A) First law
 - (B) Second law
 - (C) Third law
 - (D) Fifth law
- 81.** The first Library Act in India was enacted in which State?
- (A) Maharashtra
 - (B) Tamil Nadu
 - (C) Andhra Pradesh
 - (D) West Bengal
- 82.** Which indexing system uses 'uniterms'?
- (A) Chain Indexing
 - (B) Permuted Indexing
 - (C) Coordinate Indexing
 - (D) KWIC Indexing
- 83.** Which of the following is a Boolean operator?
- (A) OR
 - (B) NOT
 - (C) AND
 - (D) All of the above
- 84.** The concept of 'Selective Dissemination of Information' (SDI) was introduced by
- (A) Calvin Mooers
 - (B) Eugene Garfield
 - (C) Hans Peter Luhn
 - (D) Paul Otlet

85. The principle of 'least effort' in information-seeking behavior was given by
- (A) D. Ellis
 - (B) A. Prabha
 - (C) T. D. Wilson
 - (D) George Zipf
86. The standard abbreviation for 'Library and Information Science' is
- (A) LIS
 - (B) LINS
 - (C) LIBIS
 - (D) LINFO
87. Which of the following is **not** a type of catalogue?
- (A) Author catalogue
 - (B) Title catalogue
 - (C) Keyword catalogue
 - (D) Dictionary catalogue
88. What does 'OPAC' stand for?
- (A) Online Public Access Catalogue
 - (B) Online Printed Access Catalogue
 - (C) Offline Public Access Catalogue
 - (D) Online Private Access Catalogue
89. Who coined the term 'Bibliometrics'?
- (A) Alan Pritchard
 - (B) Bradford
 - (C) Eugene Garfield
 - (D) Derek de Solla Price
90. Which library is also known as the 'Library of Congress'?
- (A) British Library
 - (B) American Library
 - (C) National Library of the USA
 - (D) United States Library
91. Impact Factor was introduced by
- (A) Paul Otlet
 - (B) Eugene Garfield
 - (C) Derek de Solla Price
 - (D) Bradford
92. Information retrieval focuses on
- (A) organizing and finding information
 - (B) destroying irrelevant information
 - (C) storing only printed books
 - (D) only retrieving physical documents

- 93.** Resource sharing is a part of
- (A) library cataloguing
 - (B) library administration
 - (C) library management
 - (D) library cooperation
- 94.** Raw, unevaluated, unprocessed and unorganized facts are known as
- (A) information
 - (B) data
 - (C) knowledge
 - (D) wisdom
- 95.** Books lost from the library are known through
- (A) charging and discharging
 - (B) shelf list
 - (C) stock verification
 - (D) accession register
- 96.** The National Library of India is situated in
- (A) Kolkata
 - (B) New Delhi
 - (C) Mumbai
 - (D) Chennai
- 97.** According to Staffing formula, which section of the University Library needs to have "one person for every 50 readers using the library in a day of the year"?
- (A) Circulation
 - (B) Technical
 - (C) Acquisition
 - (D) Reference
- 98.** The term 'Bibliomania' refers to
- (A) conservation of rare materials
 - (B) passionate enthusiasm for collecting and possessing books
 - (C) historical bibliography
 - (D) None of the above
- 99.** Resource Description and Access (RDA) is related to
- (A) cataloguing
 - (B) classification
 - (C) searching
 - (D) browsing
- 100.** Approach, Skill, Knowledge (ASK) principle is related to
- (A) classification
 - (B) ICT
 - (C) management
 - (D) acquisition